Assignment 9

Textbook Assignment: "Canopy Systems." Pages 6-26 through 6-73.

Learnong Objective: Recognize the components, seat system/subsystems, support components, system operations, component test and test equipment, and corrosion control procedures for the Martin-Baker SJU-5/A ejection seat.

- 9-1. When the safe/arm handle is in the safe position, the pilot sees the handle as what color?
 - 1. Yellow
 - 2. Black
 - 3. White
 - 3. Red
- 9-2. What initiator provides the gas pressure required to activate the IFF?
 - 1. Right seat initiator
 - 2. SMDC initiator
 - 3. Left seat initiator
 - 4. 0.3-second delay initiator
- What force is used to fire the 9-3. inertia reel cartridge during the ejection sequence?
 - 1. Sear withdrawal
 - 2. Electrical current
 - 3. Gas pressure
 - 4. Heat
- What force ignites the primary cartridge within the, catapult?
 - 1. Ballistic gas

 - Sear removal
 Electrical current
 - 4. Pneumatic pressure

- 9-5. Forward movement of the leg restraints is prevented by what component?
 - 1. Seat bucket
 - 2. Deck mounts
 - 3. Locking lugs
 - 4. Snubbing unit
- 9-4. If the drogue gun primary cartridge fails, what component(s) will fire the secondary cartridge?
 - 1. Rocket motor initiator
 - 2. Time-release mechanism
 - 3. Manual override initiator
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above
 - 9-7. Below what altitude will the 1.5second timer in the TRM start to operate without interruption?
 - 1. 7,500 feet

 - 2. 8,000 feet 3. 8,500 feet 4. 9,000 feet
- 9-8. When the ejection seat is installed in the aircraft? what component locks it to the catapult?
 - 1. Time-release mechanism
 - 2. Top latch mechanism
 - 3. Left main beam
 - 4. Right main beam
 - 9-9. What components absorb the inertia forces encountered during barrel separation?
 - 1. Pressure rings
 - 2. Guide bushings

 - Piston rings
 Expander bushings
- 9-10. What component locks the guide bushing to the outer barrel?
 - 1. Retaining pin
 - 2. Dowel screw
 - 3. Locking plunger
 - 4. Guide bushing rivet

- The seat height actuator rod is 9-18. 9-11. attached to what component?
 - Lower cross member 1.
 - 2. Center cross member
 - 3. Upper sliding runner
 - Lower sliding runner
- What component holds the moveable 9-12. iaw of the scissor mechanism in the closed position?
 - Trombone fitting
 - 2. Drogue gun
 - 3. Rocket motor
 - 4. Time-release mechanism
- The parachute container houses 9-13. which of the following parachutes?
 - 1. Controller drogue
 - 2. Main droque
 - Personnel 3.
 - All of the above 4
- 9-14. What handle is the only means by which ejection can be initiated?
 - 1. Safe/arm
 - 2. Face curtain
 - 3. Ejection central
 - Manual override
- 9-15. What handle is located on the left side of the seat bucket?
 - 1. Safe/arm
 - Ejection control 2.
 - 3. Manual override
 - Shoulder harness control
- 9-16. During the ejection sequence, gas pressure from what cartridge retracts the pin?
 - Right seat initiator 1.
 - 2. Left seat initiator
 - 3. Manual override initiator
 - Time-release initiator
- 9-17. What barrel(s) of the catapult will remain with the seat during ejection?
 - 1. Inner
 - 2. Intermediate
 - 3. Outer
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above

- By what method is the primary cartridge of the drogue gun fired?
 - 1. Electrically
 - 2. Mechanically
 - 3. Pneumatically
 - 4. Ballistically
- 9-19. What component prevents full upward movement of the manual override handle?
 - Pin puller
 - 2. Shear rivet
 - 3. Safety pin
 - Bell crank assembly
- 9-20. What initiator actuates the pin puller?
 - 1. Right seat
 - 2. SMDC
 - 3. Left seat
 - 0.3-second delay 4.
- 9-21. Gas pressure from the TRM travels through what fitting to fire the cartridge in the manual override initiator?
 - Quick-disconnect
 Trombone

 - 3. Delay
 - 4. Venturi
- 9-22. During the time-delay test of, the drogue gun. the firing link is pulled from the drogue gun in 0.7 second. Based upon the result, what action, if any, should be taken?
 - Lubricate the firing link 1.
 - 2. Repeat the test
 - Replace the drogue gun 3.
 - 4. None
- 9-23. Before you perform checks on the time-release mechanism, which of the following actions should you take?
 - 1. Disarm the TRM
 - Remove the TRM from the seat 2.
 - 3. Inspect the TRM for damage
 - 4. All of the above

- 9-24. To obtain satisfactory results in the time delay check-out of the time-release mechanism, the firing link must be pulled from the time-release g-sensing mechanism within what maximum number of seconds?
 - 1. 1.5 ±0.1
 - 2. 1.7 ±0.1
 - $3. 1.8 \pm 0.1$
 - 4. 1.8 ± 0.2
- 9-25. To do a barostat check-out, the test box altimeter must be set to what prescribed millibar value?
 - 1. 1000
 - 2. 1013
 - 3. 1026
 - 4. 1039

Learning Objective: Recognize the components, parachute and seat separation operations, seat sunsystems, component maintenance, corrosion control, and lubrication and emergency cleaning procedures for the Stencil SJU-8/A ejection seat.

- 9-26. The SJU-8/A seat provides escape capabilities at which of the following ejection parameters?
 - 1. All altitudes and airspeeds
 - Zero altitude and zero airspeed
 - Maximum airspeeds and altitudes of 600 knots and 50,000 feet
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above
- 9-27. What total number of operating modes are incorporated in the SJU-8/A ejection seat?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 9-28. What initiator supplies gas pressure to the inertial reel gas-generating initiator?
 - 1. 3.0-second time delay
 - 2. Left M99 ejection
 - 3. Right M99 ejection
 - 4. Seat/man separation

- 9-29. The catapult cartridge is fired by gas pressure from what device?
 - 1. Inner trombone
 - 2. Multi-time delay
 - 3. Low-speed selector valve
 - 4. Left and right ejection initiators
- 9-30. Gas pressure is applied to the drogue gun pistons after approximately how many inches of seat travel?
 - 1. 8 in
 - 2. 12 in
 - 3. 16 in
 - 4. 20 in

IN ITEM 9-31 THROUGH 9-34, SELECT FROM COLUMN B THE AIRSPEED AND ALTITUDE INFORMATION THAT APPLIES TO THE WIDE IN COLUMN A.

	A. Mode	B. Airspeed and Altitude
9-31.	Mode 1	1. Altitude above 14,000 feet
9-32.	Mode 2	11,000 1000
9-33.	Mode 3	2. Airspeed above 225 knots and altitude below
9-34.	Mode 4	7,000 feet
		3. Altitude between 7,000 and 14,000 feet
		4. Airspeed below 225 knots and altitude below 7,000 feet

- 9-35. (Refer to fig. 6-32 and supporting material in the text.)
 The 0.1-second time delay receives gas pressure from what device?
 - 1. Gas-generating initiator
 - 2. Left--hand inner trombone
 - 3. Right-hand outer trombone
 - . Low-speed selector valve
- 9-35. Under mode 1 conditions, what initiator arms the 14,000-foot aneroid initiator?
 - 1. 0.1-second delay
 - 2. 1.3-second delay
 - 3. 3.0-second delay
 - 4. Left-hand M99 ejection

- 9-37. Under mode 2 conditions, the output of the 0.1-second delay initiation is blocked by what component?
 - 1. Pin puller
 - 2. Guillotine
 - 3. Drogue release
 - 4. Low-speed selector valve
- 9-38. What mode(s) would operate as a backup in the event of mode 2 failure?
 - 1. Mode 1 only
 - 2. Mode 3 only
 - 3. Mode 4
 - 4. Modes 1 and 3
- 9-39. What is the purpose of the 3.0-second time-delay initiator?
 - 1. To arm the 7,000-foot aneroid in mode 2
 - 2. To arm the 14,000-foot aneroid in mode 3
 - 3. To fire the guillotine mechanism
 - 4. To position the low-speed selector valve
- 9-40. The safe and arm control handle safeties what initiator(s)?
 - 1. Left-hand M99 ejection
 - 2. Right-hand M99 ejection
 - 3. Seat/man separation
 - 4. All of the above
- 9-41. What is the total number of ejection control handles incorporated in the SJU-8/A ejection seat?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 9-42. The output gas pressure from the two M99 ejection initiators is routed to igniters contained in what device?
 - 1. Word motor
 - 2. Drogue container
 - 3. Catapult cartridge
 - 4. Seat back rocket

- 9-43. Which of the following statements describes the catapult tube assemblies?
 - They provide support for the seat bucket
 - They house the catapult lock and unlock mechanism
 - They provide support for the headrest and personnel parachute
 - 4. All of the above
- 9-44. The catapult lock mechanism consists of a locking piston and what other items?
 - 1. Top latch mechanism
 - 2. Two retainer rings
 - 3. Three guide bushings
 - 4. Six locking balls
- 9-45. The outer trombone assemblies route ballistic gas from the two M99 ejection initiators to the catapult cartridge igniters.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 9-46. What is the approximate burn time of the seat back rackets?
 - 1. .15 second
 - 2. .25 second
 - 3. .35 second
 - 4. .45 second
- 9-47. Actuation of what component allows the main parachute canopy assembly to deploy?
 - 1. Word bridle
 - 2. Droque bridle
 - 3. Parachute container opener
 - 4. Word motor
- 9-48. What total number of slugs are contained in the spreader gun assembly?
 - 1. 10
 - 2. 14
 - 3. 18
 - 4. 22
- 9-49. Rotation of the seat pan release rod fires what initiator?
 - 1. Left M99 ejection
 - 2. Multiple time-delay
 - 3. 3-second time-delay
 - 4. Seat/man separation

- 9-50. Gas pressure from the seat/man 9-56. separation initiator is transmitted to what device(s)?
 - Inertia reel strap quillotine
 - 2. Droque release assembly
 - 2. Parachute container opener
 - All of the above 4.
- 9-51. When the emergency release handle is pulled, which of the following actions takes place?
 - The seat release shaft rotates
 - The harness release actuator retracts
 - 3. The firing central disconnect fitting unseats
 - 4. The time-release mechanism
- 9-52. A full emergency oxygen bottle contains a total of how many cubic inches of oxygen?
 - 30 1.
 - 2. 40
 - 3. 50
 - 4. 60
- 9-53. The emergency oxygen supply lanyard is attached to the bottom of the seat pan and to what other item?
 - 1. Cockpit deck
 - Safe and arm control handle
 - 3. Catapult cartridge manifold
 - 4. Seat release shaft
- 9-54. A properly serviced emergency oxygen system should have what prescribed pressure when the bottle is full?
 - 1. 1200 psi
 - 2. 1500 psi
 - 3. 1800 psi
 - 4. 2100 psi
- Automatic actuation of the 9-55. emergency oxygen supply also provides automatic actuation of the emergency locator beacon.

 - 1. True 2. False

- When performing the safe and arm control assembly check-out, what should be the maximum amount of force required to move the handle to the full up position?
 - 1. 5 pounds
 - 2. 10 pounds
 - 3. 15 pounds
 - 4. 20 pounds
- 9-57. What is the name of the component that block the movement of the initiation rotors?
 - 1. T-bar
 - 2. Interlock block
 - 3. Arming key
 - 4. Trip rod
- 9-58. During the emergency release handle check, the handle should move up with a maximum force of
 - 1. 20 pounds
 - 2. 30 pounds
 - 3. 40 pounds
 - 4. 50 pounds
- 9-59. (Refer to fig. 6-46 and supporting material in the text.) What devices are installed in the separation lanyard retainer assemblies to hold the seat release lanyard bell cranks in place?
 - 1. Trip rods
 - 2. Shear pins
 - 3. Cotter pins
 - 4. Setscrews
- 9-60. The initial breakout force for the ejection control assembly check should be between what maximum number of pounds?
 - 1. 5 and 15 pounds
 - 2. 15 and 25 pounds
 - 3. 25 andf 35 pounds
 - 4. 35 and 45 pounds
- 9-61. When performing the inertial reel check, the force required to extend the risers should be between what maximum number of pounds?
 - 1. 5 and 15 pounds
 - 2. 15 and 25 pounds
 - 3. 25 and 35 pounds
 - 4. 35 and 45 pounds

- 9-62. How many steps are used to complete the seat height adjustment actuator check-out?
 - 1. Five
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 9-63. To prevent heat damage to the height adjustment actuator motor, what are the operating time limits that must be observed?
 - 1. 15 seconds on and 30 seconds off
 - 30 seconds on and 1 minute 2. off
 - 3. 30 seconds on and 45 seconds off
 - 1 minute on and 1 minute off
- The airspeed/altitude sensor must 9-64. be removed to perform the checkout procedure.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 9-65. Recording to the NA 01-1A-509, ejection seats should be inspected for corrosion control at what minimum interval while at sea?
 - Every day
 - Every other day
 Every 7 days

 - Every 14 days
- VV-L-800 lubricating oil should 9-66. be applied to all points that slide and used as a corrosion preventive for all bright metal parts.
 - 1. True

2. False

- During emergency cleaning of the 9-67. ejection seat, what should you use to rinse the seat?
 - 1. Lubricating oil
 - 2. Fresh water
 - 3. Safety solvent
 - Water emulsion cleaner 4.
- 9-68. The MIMs and MRCs for most ejection seat systems provide explicit instructions for corrosion control.
 - 1. True
 - False 2.
- 9-69. Indiscriminate use of paint, preservatives, or other materials that dry and buildup following application can prevent or restrict proper motion of movable parts.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 9-70. What color flags are used on ejection seat ground safety pins?
 - 1. Red
 - 2. Orange
 - 3. Yellow
 - Black and white 4.

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